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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/804,582	03/19/2004	Gerd Frankowsky	INFN/0072	7272
46798	7590	09/15/2005	EXAMINER	
MOSER, PATTERSON & SHERIDAN, LLP GERO G. MCCLELLAN/INFINEON 3040 POST OAK BLVD., SUITE 1500 HOUSTON, TX 77056			PATEL, PARESH H	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2829	

DATE MAILED: 09/15/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary

Application No.

10/804,582

Applicant(s)

FRANKOWSKY ET AL.

Examiner

Paresh Patel

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-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 18 July 2005.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-28 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-4, 7-13, 16-20, 23-25 and 27 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☒ Claim(s) 5, 6, 14, 15, 21, 22, 26 and 28 is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☒ The drawing(s) filed on 19 March 2004 is/are: a) ☒ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☒ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☒ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
- 1) ☒ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 - 2) ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 - 3) ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- 1) ☒ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- 2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- 3) ☒ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 03/04.
- 4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____.
- 5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
- 6) ☐ Other: _____.

DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

1. Applicant's election with traverse of Group II (claims 1-6) in the reply filed on 07/18/2005 is acknowledged. Applicants have amended claims 1, 4, 7, 13, 16, 20 and 23. In view of the amendment to the claims, the restriction requirement of the last office action is withdrawn. Claims 1-28 will be examined here.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

3. Claims 1-3 and 23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Schnabel (US 6788087).

The applied reference has a common assignee with the instant application. Based upon the earlier effective U.S. filing date of the reference, it constitutes prior art under 35 U.S.C. 102(e). This rejection under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) might be overcome

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either by a showing under 37 CFR 1.132 that any invention disclosed but not claimed in the reference was derived from the inventor of this application and is thus not the invention "by another," or by an appropriate showing under 37 CFR 1.131.

Regarding claims 1 and 23 Schnabel in fig.1-2 discloses an integrated circuit [1], comprising:

- a first circuit [2] to be tested comprising an internal voltage line [voltage line of 2];

- a test circuit [3] for testing the first circuit;

- a test terminal [5] coupled to the test circuit in order to provide an activation signal activating the test circuit to perform a test function [via 8] ; and

- a switching device [11, 12 and 8] to selectively couple the test terminal to the internal voltage line during testing of the test circuit.

Regarding claim 2, Schnabel discloses the test terminal is coupled to the internal voltage line to provide an electrical signal to the internal voltage line from an external source [22].

Regarding claim 3, Schnabel discloses the switching device is further configured to isolate the test terminal from the test circuit after the activation of the test circuit [see Abstract].

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

5. Claims 7-11, 12, 16-19, 23-25 and 27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Van Brunt (US 4357703) in view of Tada et al. (US 4801871).

Regarding claims 7, 9, 16 and 23-24, Van Brunt (hereafter Van) discloses a test system [fig. 1] for testing an integrated circuit, comprising:

- a first circuit [11] to be tested comprising an internal voltage line;
- a test circuit [40, 20, 22] for testing the first circuit;
- a test terminal [21] coupled to the test circuit in order to provide an activation signal activating the test circuit to perform a test function [test data input];
- a switching device [23] coupled to an output of the test circuit and configured to selectively couple [using 40] the test terminal to the internal voltage line [of 11] in response to a switching signal from the output.

Van discloses all the elements including an external test device [lines 1-3 of column 4] connected to the integrated circuit via the test terminal. Van is silent about said external test device comprising (i) a test module for issuing the activation signal; and (ii) a power supply for providing an electrical signal to the internal voltage line after the activation of the test circuit.

Tada et al. (hereafter Tada) in fig. 1 and 4 discloses the external test device [30] comprising (i) a test module [D and C] for issuing the activation signal; and (ii) a power supply [PS, GND] for providing an electrical signal to the internal voltage line after the activation of the test circuit [1].

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to replace tester of Van with tester as taught by Tada, in order to test circuits without changing wiring boards and to reduce testing cost.

Regarding claim 17, Tada discloses (in fig. 4) the external test device further comprises an external test device switch [programmable R1, R2, RV and RG] for selectively coupling the test module and power supply to the test terminal.

Regarding claims 8, 18 and 25, Van discloses the test circuit is configured to output the switching signal in response to receiving the activation signal.

Regarding claims 10, 19 and 27, Van discloses the switching device is further configured to isolate the test terminal from the test circuit after the activation of the test circuit.

Regarding claim 12, Van discloses the test circuit is configured to deactivate as claimed.

Regarding Claim 11, the combination of Van and Tada discloses all the elements except for test circuit comprise a memory element to store activation information. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use memory element as claimed for storing the information, since it was known in the art to store the information for programming including control application.

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6. Claim 4 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Schnabel as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Horiguchi et al. (US 5347492).

Regarding claim 4, Schnabel discloses all the elements except for the first circuit further comprise an internal voltage supply. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use internal voltage supply to operate partial circuit, since it was known in the art to reduce the power consumption of the integrated circuit [see lines 15-21 of column 1, US 5347492].

7. Claims 13 and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Van and Tada as applied to claims 7 and 16 above, and further in view of Horiguchi et al. (US 5347492).


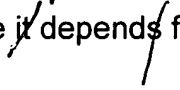
Regarding claims 13 and 20, the combination of Van and Tada discloses all the elements except for the first circuit further comprise an internal voltage supply. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use internal voltage supply to operate partial circuit, since it was known in the art to reduce the power consumption of the integrated circuit [see lines 15-21 of column 1, US 5347492].

Allowable Subject Matter

8. Claims 5-6, 14-15, 21-22, 26 and 28 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

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The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: No prior art has been found to meet the limitation of the claims 5, 14 and 21 calling for an integrated circuit comprising another switching device responsive to the switching signal to selectively couple the internal voltage supply to the internal voltage line.

 Dependent Claims 6, 15 and 22 are also allowed because  it depends from allowed claim.

The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: No prior art has been found to meet the limitations of the claims 26 and 28 calling for a method for testing an integrated circuit comprising activating a second switch in response to the output signal to disconnect an internal power supply from the internal voltage line.


Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Paresh Patel whose telephone number is 571-272-1968. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00 to 4:30pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Nestor Ramirez can be reached on 571-272-2034. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).



September 13, 2005

Paresh Patel
Primary Examiner
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